## 1.1 The term "multimedia".

 applications that use multiple modalities, including text, images, drawings (graphics), animation, video, sound including speech, and interactivity.

# 1.1 Multimedia and Computer Science

 Graphics, HCI, visualization, computer vision, data compression, graph theory, networking, database systems --- all have important contributions to make in multimedia at the present time.

# Components of Multimedia

- Multimedia involves multiple modalities of text, audio, images, drawings, animation, and video.
- Examples of how these modalities are put to use:
- 1. Video teleconferencing.
- 2. Distributed lectures for higher education.
- 3. Tele-medicine.
- 4. Co-operative work environments.

- 5. Searching in (very) large video and image databases for target visual objects.
- 6. "Augmented" reality: placing real-appearing computer graphics and video objects into scenes.
- 7. Including audio cues for where videoconference participants are located.
- 8. Building searchable features into new video, and enabling very high- to very low-bit-rate use of new, scalable multimedia products.

- 9. Making multimedia components editable.
- 10. Building "inverse-Hollywood" applications that can recreate the process by which a video was made.
- 11. Using voice-recognition to build an interactive environment, say a kitchen-wall web browser.

# 1.2 Multimedia and Hypermedia

# History of Multimedia:

- 1. Newspaper: perhaps the *first mass* communication medium, uses text, graphics, and images.
- 2. Motion pictures: conceived of in 1830's in order to observe motion too rapid for perception by the human eye.
- 3. Wireless radio transmission: Guglielmo Marconi, at Pontecchio, Italy, in 1895.
- **4. Television:** the new medium for the 20th century, established video as a commonly available medium and has since changed the world of mass communications.

## History of Multimedia:

- 5. The **connection** between **computers** and ideas about **multimedia** covers what is actually only a short period:
- 1945 Vannevar Bush wrote a landmark article describing what amounts to a hypermedia system called Memex.
- 1960 -Ted Nelson coined the term hypertext.

 2000 - WWW size was estimated at over 1 billion pages.

## Hypermedia and Multimedia

- A hypertext system: meant to be read nonlinearly, by following links that point to other parts of the document, or to other documents
- HyperMedia: not constrained to be text-based, can include other media, e.g., graphics, images, and especially the continuous media | sound and video.
  - The World Wide Web (WWW) | the best example of a hypermedia application.
- Multimedia means that computer information can be represented through audio, graphics, images, video, and animation in addition to traditional media.

# SMIL (Synchronized Multimedia Integration Language)

• SMIL: pronounced "smile" -- a particular application of XML (globally predefined DTD) that allows for specification of interaction among any media types and user input, in a temporally scripted manner.

## **SMIL**

- *Purpose of SMIL:* it is also desirable to be able to publish multimedia presentations using a markup language.
- A multimedia markup language needs to enable scheduling and synchronization of different multimedia elements, and define their interactivity with the user.
- SMIL 2.0 is specified in XML using a modularization approach similar to the one used in xhtml:

## SMIL

 Basic elements of SMIL as shown in the following example:

```
<!DOCTYPE smil PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD SMIL 2.0"
"http://www.w3.org/2001/SMIL20/SMIL20.dtd">
<smil xlmns="http://www.w3.org/2001/SMIL20/Language">
<head> <meta name="Author" content="Some Professor" />
</head> <body> <par id="MakingOfABook">
<seq> <video src="authorview.mpg" />
     <img src="onagoodday.jpg"/>
</seq>
<audio src="authorview.wav"/>
<text src="http://www.cs.sfu.ca/mmbook/"/>
</par> </body> </smil>
```

# 1.3 Overview of Multimedia Software Tools

- software tools available for carrying out tasks in multimedia are:
  - 1. Music Sequencing and Notation
  - 2. Digital Audio
  - 3. Graphics and Image Editing
  - 4. Video Editing
  - 5. Animation
  - 6. Multimedia Authoring

## 1. Music Sequencing and Notation

- Cakewalk: now called Pro Audio.
  - The term sequencer comes from older devices that stored sequences of notes ("events", in MIDI [Musical Instrument Digital Interface]).
  - It is also possible to insert WAV files and Windows MCI commands (for animation and video) into music tracks (MCI is a ubiquitous component of the Windows API.)
- *Cubase:* another sequencing/editing program, with capabilities similar to those of Cakewalk. It includes some digital audio editing tools.
- *Macromedia Soundedit:* mature program for creating audio for multimedia projects and the web that integrates well with other Macromedia products such as Flash and Director.

# 2. Digital Audio

- tools deal with accessing and editing the actual sampled sounds that make up audio:
- Adobe Audition (formerly Cool Edit) is a powerful, popular digital audio toolkit that emulate a professional audio studio, including multitrack productions and sound file editing, along with digital signal processing effects.
- **Sound Forge** Like Audition, Sound Forge is a sophisticated PC-based program for editing WAV files.
- **Pro Tools:** a high-end integrated audio production and editing environment. It offers MIDI creation and manipulation; powerful audio mixing, recording, and editing software.

# 3. Graphics and Image Editing

- Adobe Illustrator: a powerful publishing tool from Adobe. Uses vector graphics; graphics can be exported to Web.
- Adobe Photoshop: the standard in a graphics, image processing and manipulation tool.
  - Allows layers of images, graphics, and text that can be separately manipulated for maximum flexibility.
  - Filter factory permits creation of sophisticated lighting-effects filters
- Macromedia Fireworks: software for making graphics specifically for the web.
- Macromedia Freehand: a text and web graphics editing tool that supports many bitmap formats such as GIF, PNG, and JPEG.

### 4. Video Editing

- Adobe Premiere: an intuitive, simple video editing tool for nonlinear editing, i.e., putting video clips into any order:
- Video and audio are arranged in "tracks".
- Provides a large number of video and audio tracks, superimpositions and virtual clips.
- A large library of built-in transitions, filters and motions for clips => effective multimedia productions with little effort.
- Adobe After Effects: a powerful video editing tool that enables users to add and change existing movies. Can add many effects: lighting, shadows, motion blurring; layers.

### 4. Video Editing

- Final Cut Pro: a video editing tool by Apple; Macintosh only.
- **CyberLink PowerDirector**: PowerDirector produced by CyberLink Corp.
  - is by far the most popular nonlinear video editing software.
  - It provides a rich selection of audio and video features and special effects
  - easy to use.
  - It supports all modern video formats (AVCHD 2.0, 4K Ultra HD, and 3D video)
  - It supports 64-bit video processing
  - it is not as "programmable" as Premiere.

#### 5. Animation

#### Multimedia APIs:

- **Java3D:** API used by Java to construct and render 3D graphics, similar to the way in which the Java Media Framework is used for handling media files.
  - 1. Provides a basic set of object primitives (cube, splines, etc.) for building scenes.
  - 2. It is an abstraction layer built on top of OpenGL or DirectX (the user can select which).
- **DirectX**: Windows API that supports video, images, audio and 3-D animation
- **OpenGL**: the highly portable, most popular 3-D API.

#### 5. Animation

#### Animation Software (Rendering Tools):

- **3D Studio Max:** rendering tool that includes a number of very high-end professional tools for character animation, game development, and visual effects production.
- **Softimage XSI:** a powerful modeling, animation, and rendering package used for animation and special effects in films and games.
- Maya: competing product to Softimage; as well, it is a complete modeling package.
- RenderMan: rendering package created by Pixar.

#### 5. Animation

#### GIF Animation Packages :

- simpler approach to animation, allows very quick development of effective small animations for the web.

- GIFs can contain several images, and looping through them creates a simple animation.

- Linux also provides some simple animation tools, such as animate.

### 6. Multimedia Authoring

- Tools that provide the capability for creating a complete multimedia presentation, including interactive user control, are called **authoring** programs.
- **Macromedia Flash:** allows users to create interactive movies by using the score metaphor, i.e., a timeline arranged in parallel event sequences.
- Macromedia Director: uses a movie metaphor to create interactive presentations. It is very powerful and includes a built in scripting language, Lingo, that allows creation of complex interactive movies.

### 6. Multimedia Authoring

- **Authorware:** a mature, well-supported authoring product based on the **Iconic/Flow-control** metaphor.

- **Quest:** similar to Authorware in many ways, uses a type of flowcharting metaphor. However, the flowchart nodes can encapsulate information in a more abstract way (called **frames**) than simply subroutine levels.